Vol. XXVII, pp. 137-140

2 .

11001

July 10, 1914

PROCEEDINGS

OF THE

BIOLOGICAL SOCIETY OF WASHINGTON

SYNOPSIS OF THE GENUS PROBEZZIA, WITH DESCRIP-TION OF A NEW SPECIES.

(DIPTERA.)

BY J. R. MALLOCH.

[Published by permission of the State Entomologist of Illinois.]

The following table includes all the described North American species of the genus *Probezzia*, and is presented with a view to assisting students of Diptera in identifying their specimens. The genus belongs to the family Chironomidæ, subfamily Ceratopogoninæ, and is distinguished from *Bezzia* by the absence of femoral spines.

1.	Apex of wing brown, third vein reaching to almost nine-tenths of the
	wing length terminalis Coquillett.
	Apex of wing clear
2.	Yellow or whitish species
	Thorax and generally the abdomen black, the former often covered
	with pale pruinescence
3.	Pale yellow, almost white, species, only the last tarsal joint black:
	media sessile
	Yellow species; abdomen with brown fascize on the bases of dorsal
	and black fasciæ on apices of ventral segments; legs yellow, apices
	of hind femora, bases of hind tibiæ, and apices of all tibiæ and of
	all tarsal joints blackened; media petiolate . elegantula Johannsen.
4.	Scutellum yellow
	Scutellum concolorous with disc of mesonotum
5.	Large species, 3.75 mm.; media forks proximad of the cross vein
	pachymerus Williston.
	Smaller species, 2.5 mm. or less; media forks at or beyond the cross
	vein
6.	Small species, 1 mm.; fifth tarsal joint of hind legs 3 times as long
	as fourth; media forks slightly beyond the cross vein
	incrmis Coquillett.
	Larger species, 2 mm.; fifth tarsal joint of hind legs about twice as
	long as fourth; media forks at cross vein glaber Coquillett.
	31—PROC. BIOL. SOC. WASH., VOL. XXVII, 1914. (137)
	of Those Dion, 600, tradity tone with the set

7.	Fifth joint of hind tarsus spinose ventrally
0	Fifth joint of hind tarsus unspined
8.	Kuob of halteres black, stalk yellow; abdomen white; legs black,
	the basal joint of tarsi white
~	Knob of halteres yellow or white
9.	Eyes widely separated; legs whitish, blackened on apical half of
	femora, apices of hind tibiæ, and apices of all tarsal joints
	elegans Coquillett.
	Eyes almost contiguous; legs black, yellow on apices of coxæ, tro-
	chanters, and bases of femora; basal 4 joints of tarsi whitish
	smithi Coquillett.
10.	Mesonotum opaque, fuscous opaca Loew.
	Mesonotum glossy black
11.	Mesonotum with 2 whitish, pruinose vittæ bivittata Coquillett.
	Mesonotum unstriped
12.	Abdomen yellow on basal half; legs chiefly yellow; apex of first vein
	not before middle of third vein
	Abdomen wholly black; legs chiefly black; apex of first vein dis-
	tinctly before middle of third vein
	good og unota

It will be necessary to use this table with a certain degree of caution, particularly in the character of the presence or absence of spines on the ventral surface of the last tarsal joint. I have found it to be a rule that where the female has no ventral spines on this joint they are absent in the male also; but the presence of spines on the last joint of the female tarsus is not an infallible indication of their presence in the male.

Probezzia pallida n. sp.

Female.-Whitish yellow; apical half of antennæ brownish; disc of postnotum slightly infuscated; last tarsal joint of all legs and tarsal claws black; inner side of hind tibiæ at apices with a black comb. Wings clear, veins yellow. Halteres pale yellow. Hairs on body and legs whitish.

Eyes narrowly separated; basal joint of antennæ small, globose; joints of flagellum elongated, the apical five noticeably longer than the others, the entire length of antenna one and a half times that of head and thorax combined, antennal hairs short; proboscis shorter than height of head. Mesonotum with sparse short setulose hairs arranged serially on the spaces between the areas generally occupied by the thoracic vittæ in other Chironomidæ; scutellum with scattered setulose hairs, which are not confined to the margin. Abdomen slender, its length slightly exceeding that of head and thorax combined; surface almost devoid of hairs. Legs slender; femora and tibiæ with weak hairs, those on the hind tibiæ strongest; basal joint of hind tarsus as long as the next four together, exclusive of the claws, fourth joint very short, fifth as long as 3 + 4, its ventral surface with two rows of rather long spines; tarsal claws about equal in length to fifth joint, subequal on all legs, each with a long sub-

138

basal tooth. Third vein extends almost to apex of wing; media forks proximad of the cross vein, base of lower branch subobsolete.

Length, 2.5 mm.

Type locality.—Muncie, Illinois, May 24, 1914 (C. A. Hart and J. R. Malloch). Paratypes: Monticello, Illinois, June 21, 1914 (J. R. Malloch). In collection Illinois State Laboratory of Natural History.

None of the species have been described in the immature stages, and the habits of the adults are unrecorded. The writer has taken several species by sweeping vegetation adjacent to streams at the two localities above mentioned.